

BASELINE TRACE METAL LEVELS
IN THE LOWER TEIDAMU RIVER
AND ESTUARY

INR TECHNICAL REPORT NO 87/1

INSTITUTE OF NATURAL RESOURCES THE UNIVERSITY OF THE SOUTH PACIFIC

REPORT

BASELINE TRACE METAL LEVELS IN THE LOWER TEIDAMU RIVER AND ESTUARY

INR TECHNICAL REPORT NO 87/1

UNIVERSITY OF THE SOUTH PACIFIC INSTITUTE OF NATURAL RESOURCES

ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES REPORT NO. 37

BASELINE TRACE METAL LEVELS IN THE LOWER TEIDAMU RIVER AND ESTUARY

J.E. Brodie and P. Gangaiya

BASELINE TRACE METAL LEVELS IN THE LOWER TEIDAMU RIVER AND ESTUARY

J.E. Brodie and P. Gangaiya

INTRODUCTION

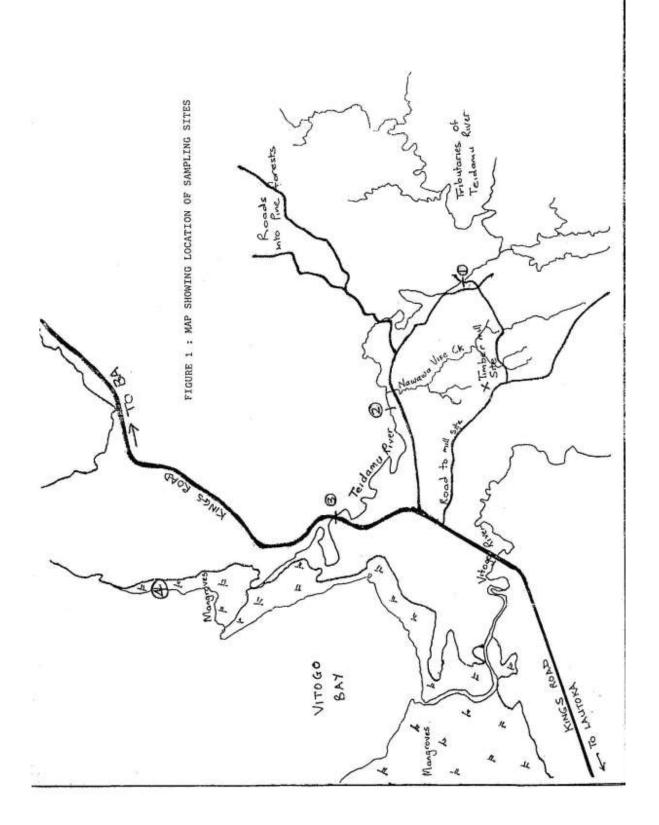
The Tropik Wood timber and chipmill is situated on the ridge between the (eidamu and Vitogo river valley (Figure 1). Any effluent which accidently escaped the plant effluent containment system would flow into tributaries of the Teidamu River and hence into the river. A small baseline study of water, sediment and shellfish quality in the Vitogo River and estuary has already been published (Gangaiya, Brodie and Morrison, 1986). The present study examines similar quality parameters in the lower Teidamu River and estuary as per the proposal submitted to Forestry Development Services on 20 June, 1986 (Appendix 1).

Sampling Sites and Times

The study involved collection of water samples from three river sites and shellfish samples from one estuary site (Figure 1). Three sampling periods were involved - 13 August, 1986, 24 October, 1986 and 8 January, 1987. Water and shellfish samples were collected at low tide. Site 1 was situated above the point where any effluent from the mill would reach the river, while sites 2 and 3 were downstream of the possible entry point. Site 3 had tidal and saline effects from the estuary. Site 4 was the shellfish collection site near where the river flows out through the mangroves onto the coastal mudflat.

Parameters Measured

Arsenic, copper and chromium were chosen for analysis as these three metals are present in the wood treatment chemical (CCA) used at the mill. Other parameters are general water quality indicators.



Methods

Water samples for arsenic, chromium and copper were preserved by acid addition. No preservatives were used for the samples collected to be analysed for the other parameters but analysis was completed within 48 hours of collection.

Measurement of copper and chromium in the water samples involved extraction/concentration using APDC/MIBK followed by flame Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy (AAS) (APHA, 1780). Arsenic was measured by hydride generation and analysis by AAS in a heated quartz tube (APHA, 1781). The shellfish were digested in a pressure bomb with nitric acid followed by analysis of copper and chromium using flame AAS and arsenic using hydride generation. Methods for the other parameters in water samples followed the American Public Health Association procedures (APHA, 1980).

Results

The results are shown in Tables 1, 2 and 3. Please note that in the result sheet submitted as a progress report for the January, 1987 sampling trip the headings of Sites 1 and 3 were exchanged. The results in Table 3 of this report show the correct headings.

The results represent a baseline position only and only brief comments will be made on the levels measured. The general water quality parameters are as one might expect with varying results at Site 3 due to tidal influence. Levels of the metals copper, chromium and arsenic are also low in both water and shellfish and are very similar to those found on the Vitogo mudflats (Gangaiya, Brodie and Morrison, 1986). The levels are comparable to those found in uncontaminated shellfish in other tropical and subtropical areas of the world.

TABLE 1

RESULTS OF ANALYSES OF SAMPLES

COLLECTED ON 12 & 13/8/86

Water Samples

	1912	Site 1	Site 2	Site
Conductivity	mS/cm	0.099	0.117	8.86
Turbidity	NTU	o	16	20
Total nitrogen	mg/l	4.0	4.0	5.0
Ammonia	µg/1	20	40	100
Nitrite	µg/1	<10	<10	<10
Nitrate	µg/1	70	60	<10
Sulphate	mg/l	4	4	130
Total Phosphorus	μg/1	150	70	70
Phosphate	µg/1	310	250	250
Total Iron	mg/1	<0.2	<0.2	<0.2
Total Manganese	mg/l	0.5	0.5	0.8
Chloride	mg/l	<10	39	1270
Silica	mg/l	27	42	20
Sodium	mg/l	10	9.8	680
Potassium	mg/1	2.9	2.4	84
Calcium	mg/l	10	9.0	50
Magnesium	mg/l	0.3	0.3	119
Arsenic	μg/l	<1	<1	<1
Chromium	μg/1	<2	<2	<2
Copper	μg/l	<5	<5	<5
Oil	mg/l	16	5.4	1.6

SHELLFISH SAMPLE (Grafarium tumidum)

Site 4

Arsenic	2.9 mg/kg	of	wet	weight
Chromium	0.75 "	11	**	"
Copper	1.4 "	**	, tt	III

TABLE 2

RESULTS OF ANALYSES OF SAMPLES

COLLECTED ON 24/20/86

Water Samples

		Site 1	Site 2	Site 3
Conductivity	mS/cm	0.090	0.111	1.34
Turbidity	NTU	8	12	10
Total Nitrogen	mg/l	2.3	1.6	10.0
Ammonia	μg/1	<20	<20	<20
Nitrate	μg/l	30	60	10
Total Phosphorus	μg/l	160	100	50
Phosphate	μg/l	490	306	150
Arsenic	μg/1	<1	<1	<1
Chromium	μg/l	<2	<2	<2
Copper	μg/l	<5	<5	<5
0i1	mg/l	5.6	2.0	2.0

SHELLFISH SAMPLE (Grafarium tumidum)

Site 4

Arsenic	1.4. п	g/kg	wet	weight
Chromium	0.30	***	-11	-11
Copper	2.4	11		tt

TABLE 3

RESULTS OF ANALYSES OF SAMPLES

COLLECTED IN EARLY JANUARY

		Site 1	Site 2	Site 3
Conductivity	mS/cm	0.019	0.135	22.3
Total Nitrogen	mg/l	1.6	3.1	2.8
Ammonia	μg/l	25	150	60
Nitrate	μg/l	56	112	56
Total Phosphorus	μg/1	180	66	123
Phosphate	μg/1	650	306	356
Arsenic	μg/1	<1	<1	<1
Chromium	μg/1	<2	<2	<2
Copper	μg/l	<5	<5	<5
0il	mg/l	2,9	2.8	3.5

SHELLFISH SAMPLES

SITE 4

	Grafarium tumidum	Crasostrea mordax
Arsenic mg/kg of wet weight	2.4	1.7
Copper mg/kg of wet weight	2.3	2.5
Chromium mg/kg of wet weight	0.3	0.5

References

- American Public Health Association/American Water Works
 Association/Water Pollution Control Association, 1980.
 Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and
 Wastewater, ISBN: 0-87553-091-5.
- Gangaiya, P., Brodie, J.E. and Morrison, R.J., 1986. Initial Report on the Quality of the Vitogo River and associated environment before construction of an Integrated Sawmill/Chipmill Complex at Drasa, Western Viti Levu, Fiji. INR Technical Report No. 86/5.

FORESTRY DEVELOPMENT SERVICES LTD.

157 VITOGO PARADE, P.O. BOX 4607, LAUTOKA. TELEPHONE: LAUTOKA. TELEPHONE: DRASA. FACSIMILE, TELEX:

23rd May 1986

Senior Research Fellow Institute Of Natural Resources University Of The South Pacific PO Box 1168 SOVA

ATTENTION:

Jon E. Brodie

Dear Mr Brodie

FIJI FORESTRY PROJECT

We wish to refer to the meeting held at the Project Office in Drasa on Wednesday 14th May 1986 and in particular to the conversation you had with the Writer relating to a survey of the Teidamu River.

We would be interested in you conducting such a survey on our behalf, to provide the base data from which future references can be made.

Would you be kind enough to advise us that you would be willing to conduct a survey of this nature, what the cost of this would be and when could it be performed.

Your early reply would be appreciated.

Yours sincerely

FORESTRY DEVELOPMENT SERVICES LTD

George Crawford PROJECT MANAGER

C.T: Bill Maund Gordon Gresham Serving the Cook Islands, Fiji, Kiribati, Nauru, Now Hebrides, Niue, Solomon Islands, Tokelau, Tonga, Tuvalu, Western Samua INSTITUTE OF NATURAL RESOURCES

Our Ref:

P O. Box 1168, Suva, Fiji Telephone: 313900. Cables: University Suva, Telex FJ2276,

11 August 1986

Mr G Crawford
Project Manager
Forestry Development
Services Ltd
P O Box 4607
LAUTOKA

Dear Mr Crawford

BASELINE STUDY OF THE TEIDAMU RIVER

Thank you for accepting our proposal for the baseline study of the Teidamu River.

We will be making our first sampling visit later this week and will forward to you a report of the visit as soon it is ready.

Regards

Yours sincerely

Philomena Gangaiya

for DIRECTOR

FORESTRY DEVELOPMENT SERVICES LTD.

457 VITOGO PARADE, P.O. BOX 4607, LAUTOKA. FIJI. TELEPHONE: LAUTOKA. TELEPHONE: DRASA. FACSIMILE. TELEX:

14th July 1986

The Director Institute Of Natural Resources University Of The South Pacific PO Box 1168 SUVA

RE:

Baseline Study Of The Teidamu River

Dear Sirs

We accept your proposal for the above study as outlined in your letter dated 20th June 86 and the attached 2 pages proposed.

We undertake to pay the total cost of \$2529.00 upon completion of the outlined works and receipt of your final report, however, we request a brief progress report from yourselves after each visit.

Please take the necessary steps to commence this study.

Your faithfully

FORESTRY DEVELOPMENT SERVICES LAID

George Crawford PROJECT MANAGER

GC/em

INSTITUTE OF NATURAL RESOURCES

30th June 1986

Mr C Crawford Project Manager Forestry Development Service Ltd P O Box 4607 LAUTOKA

DAAR Mr Crawford

PROPOSAL FOR A BASELINE STUDY OF THE TEIDAMU RIVER

We acknowledge receipt of your letter dated 23rd May 1986 in which you requested our Institute to carry out a baseline survey of the Teidamu river.

We are submitting proposal for monitoring the quality of the river water and shellfish in the area. Details and associated costs are outlined in the enclosed proposal.

If you wish to discuss any aspect of the proposal further please do not hesitate to contact us.

Yours sincerely

Philomena (Angaiya (Miss)

for DIRECTOR

ENCL

PROPOSAL FOR A BASELINE STUDY OF THE TEIDAMU RIVER

(Prepared for Forestry Development Services Ltd)

by
Institute of Natural Resources
USP

1. BACKGROUND

The Teidamu river is one of the major freshwater inputs into Vitogo Bay. The Nawawa Vise creek which is a tributary of the Teidamu river will receive the stormwater drainage of the sawmill/chipmill being constructed by Forestry Development Services Ltd at Drasa. The Institute of Natural Resources, USP has been asked to submit a proposal for a baseline survey of the Teidamu river.

2. OBJECTIVE OF STUDY

To generate baseline data on the quality of the Teidamu riverwater.

3. WORKE ON

Three solvisits (August and October, 1986 and January 1987) to the soldamu area are proposed. During each visit 3 water samples (samples appropriate sites on the Teidamu river) and 1 shellfish sold the mouth of the river) will be collected.

4. ANALYSIS AND ASSOCIATED COSTS

The following analyses will be performed on samples collected during each sampling visit.

4.1 Water samples

Nutrients (nitrate, ammonia, phosphate, total nitrogen and total phosphorus) at a total cost of \$30.00 per sample.

Turbidity and conductivity at a cost of \$6.00 per sample.

Heavy metals (arsenic, chromium and copper) and oil at a cost of \$35.00 per sample.

4.2 Shellfish

Heavy metals (arsenic, chromium and copper) at a cost of \$35.00 per sample.

In addition to the above, water samples would be analysed once only during the sampling period for other parameters (calcium, magnesium, sodium and potassium; iron and manganese; chloride, sulphate and silica). Cost will be \$35.00 per sample.

5. <u>OUTPUT</u>

Report describing the water quality of the study area.

6. TOTAL COSTS

		Cost per trip	Cost over sampling period
Water analysis	Nutrients Turbidity	3 и \$30 = \$ 90	3 x \$ 90 = \$ 270
entende en	& cond. Heavy metals	3 x \$ 6 = \$ 18	3 x \$ 18 = \$ 54
	and oil Other para-	3 x \$35 = \$105	3 x \$105 = \$ 315
	meters	3 x \$35 = \$105	1 x \$105 = \$ 105
Shellfish analysis	Heavy meta	: \$35 = \$ 35	3 x \$ 35 = \$ 105
Staff time	1 gradua 1 technician for 2 days per trip		3 x \$360 = \$1080
Transport	Use of INR car	\$120	3 x \$120 = \$ 360
Accomodation	& food	\$ 8C	3 x \$ 80 = \$ 240
TOTAL	MATTER PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND A		\$2529

The costs of senior staff time used for supervision of analysis, interpretation of data for reports etc. would be borne by INR.